Year 6 Science Long Term Plan

Autumn 1 Aut	tumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Victorians and Frozen		A Child's War		Hola Mexico	Hola Mexico
Kingdom		ID			Blood Heart
Living Things and their		Electricity	Evolution and Inheritance	Light	Animals including Humans
*recognise that living thing changed over time and the fossils provide information living things that inhabited Earth millions of years age *recognise that living thing produce offspring of the skind, but normally offspring and are not identical to the parents *identify how animals and are adapted to suit their environment in different with that adaptation may lead evolution *recognise the impact of exercise, drugs and lifesty the way their bodies function to the way their bodies function t	ngs have hat on about ed the go ngs same ng vary heir d plants ways and I to diet, tyle on ction hich ls	*associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit *compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches *use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram Vocabulary Circuit, circuit symbol, circuit diagram, cell, batter, switch, voltage	*recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago *recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents *identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution *describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including microorganisms, plants and animals *give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics Vocabulary Evolution, offspring, inherited, characteristics, variation, adapted, environment, species, fossil	*recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines *use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye *explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes *use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them Vocabulary Light source, straight lines, light ray, reflect, shadow	*identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood Vocabulary Heart, pulse, blood, blood vessels, lungs, circulatory system, diet, exercise, drugs, lifestyle