Year 4 Science Long Term Plan

Autumn 1 Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Burps Bottoms and Bile	Road Trip USA	I am Warrior	Blue Abyss	Blue Abyss
Animals including Humans	States of Matter	Electricity	Sound	Living Things and their Habitat
*describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans	*compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solid, liquids or gases	*identify common appliances that run on electricity	*identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating	*recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways
*identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions	*observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temp at which this happens in degrees Celsius	*construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, (cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers)	*recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear	*explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living thighs in their local and wider environment
*construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey	*identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of	*identify whether a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the	*find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it	*recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things
Vocabulary Digestive System, digestion,	evaporation with temperature	lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery *recognise that a switch opens	*find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it	Vocabulary Classification, classification
herbivore, carnivore, omnivore, producer, consumer, predator, prey,	Vocabulary Change of state, melting, freezing, melting point, boiling	and closes a circuit and link this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit	*recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases	key, environment, habitat, migrate, hibernate, vertebrates, invertebrates
food chain	point, evaporation, condensation, water cycle, temperature	*recognise some basic conductors and insulators, and associate metals with good conductors.	Vocabulary Sound, sound source, vibrations, pitch, volume, sound insulation	
		Vocabulary Electricity, electrical appliance, mains, electrical		
		circuit, cell, battery, electrical component, switch, conductor, insulator		