



## Year 5

Area	Objective (Linked to Target Tracker)	Small Steps (Developmental Continuum of Reading Skills and Behaviours)
<b>Word Reading</b>	Read aloud and understand the meaning of new words that he/she meets linked to the expectations of Year 5 spelling.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Attempt pronunciation of unfamiliar words drawing on prior knowledge of similar looking words.</li> <li>- Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound.</li> <li>- Notice where unusual correspondences between spelling and sound occur in further exception words.</li> <li>- Apply knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffices to read aloud and to understand the meaning of unfamiliar words.</li> <li>- Use a dictionary effectively to understand the meaning of unfamiliar words.</li> </ul>

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<b>Comprehension</b>	Discuss and evaluate how authors use <b>language</b> , including figurative <b>language</b> , considering the impact on the reader.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Understand that a writer moves events forward through a balance of dialogue, action and description.</li> <li>- Explore how dialogue is used to develop a character.</li> <li>- Explore how actions are added to dialogue to move events forward.</li> <li>- Explore how a writer uses show and not tell techniques to introduce or develop a character.</li> <li>- Understand that writers use <b>language</b> for precise effect.</li> <li>- Understand that this may include precise nouns, precisely chosen adjectives, well developed noun phrases, similes, metaphors, personification etc.</li> <li>- Find words and <b>language</b> used for effect.</li> <li>- <b>Explain</b> how the <b>vocabulary</b> and <b>language</b> create a precise effect.</li> <li>- Record effective <b>vocabulary</b> and <b>language</b> from reading to use in own writing.</li> <li>- Understand that a writer uses different sentence structures and techniques to create effects.</li> <li>- Explore the structures and techniques used. For example, sort sentences, rhetorical questions, ellipsis, flashbacks.</li> <li>- Find examples of structures and techniques used.</li> <li>- <b>Explain</b> the effect of the use of structure or technique.</li> <li>- Record examples of effective techniques and structures from reading to use in writing.</li> </ul>



Distinguish between statements of fact and opinion.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Understand the difference between fact and opinion.</li> <li>- Find examples of fact and opinion in texts.</li> <li>- <b>Explain</b> why one example is fact and another is opinion.</li> </ul>
<b>Retrieve</b> , record and present information from non-fiction.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Use skimming and scanning to find information needed.</li> <li>- Make notes on needed information.</li> <li>- Organise notes.</li> <li>- Present information.</li> </ul>
Participate in discussions about books that are read to him/her and those that can be read for himself/herself, building on his/her own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously and with clear reasoning.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Give a personal point of view about a text.</li> <li>- Explain the reasons for a viewpoint, using evidence from the text.</li> <li>- Listen to others' ideas and opinions about a text.</li> <li>- Build on others' ideas and opinions about a text in discussion.</li> <li>- Question others' ideas about a text.</li> <li>- Make connections between other similar texts, prior knowledge and experience.</li> <li>- Explain why there are connections, using evidence</li> <li>- Compare different versions of texts.</li> <li>- Explain the similarities and differences between different versions of texts.</li> <li>- Evaluation the effectiveness of different versions of texts.</li> </ul>
<b>Understand what he/she reads by:</b>	
checking that the book makes sense to him/her, discussing his/her understanding and exploring the meaning of <b>vocabulary</b> in context.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Understand that there will be unfamiliar <b>vocabulary</b> in texts read.</li> <li>- Use dictionaries to check or find the meaning of unfamiliar <b>vocabulary</b>.</li> <li>- Use meaning-seeking strategies to explore the meaning of <b>vocabulary</b> in context.</li> <li>- Use meaning-seeking strategies to explore the meaning of idiomatic and figurative <b>language</b>.</li> </ul>
asking questions to improve his/her understanding of complex texts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Ask questions to improve understanding.</li> <li>- Re-read to check that text is meaningful.</li> </ul>
drawing <b>inferences</b> , such as <b>inferring</b> characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying <b>inferences</b> with evidence.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Understand that <b>inferences</b> can be drawn from different parts of the text.</li> <li>- Understand that <b>inferences</b> can be made by reading between and beyond the lines.</li> <li>- Draw <b>inferences</b> such as <b>inferring</b> characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions at different points in the text.</li> <li>- Justify <b>inferences</b> with evidence from the text.</li> </ul>
understanding perspectives in a narrative.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Understand that a narrative can be told from different points of view – narrator, character.</li> <li>- Identify the point of view in a narrative.</li> <li>- Explore how events are viewed from another perspective.</li> </ul>



		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Understand that the writer may have a viewpoint.</li> <li>- Identify the writer’s viewpoint for example how different characters are presented.</li> <li>- <b>Explain</b> the writer’s viewpoint with evidence from the text.</li> </ul>
	by <b>predicting</b> what might happen from details stated and implied in increasingly complex texts.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Make <b>predictions</b> from evidence found and implied information.</li> <li>- <b>Summarise</b> the main ideas drawn from a text.</li> </ul>
	identifying, <b>summarising</b> and presenting key information from a text.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify key information from a text</li> <li>- <b>Summarise</b> key information in sentences</li> <li>- <b>Retrieve</b> key information from different parts of a text.</li> <li>- <b>Summarise</b> key information from different parts of the text.</li> <li>- Present an oral overview or <b>summary</b> of a text.</li> </ul>
	<b>Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what he/she reads by:</b>	
	continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of non-fiction and reference books or textbooks.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Know that non-fiction texts are structured to guide the reader to information.</li> <li>- <b>Explain</b> how the structure guides the reader to find specific information.</li> <li>- Evaluate the usefulness of a non-fiction book to research questions raised.</li> </ul>
	increasing his/her familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions to include poetry and plays.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Know that there is a range of narrative genres which includes classic and traditional stories, myths and legends, <b>poems</b> and play scripts.</li> <li>- Know these are structured in different ways.</li> <li>- Discuss and <b>explain</b> how and why they have different structures.</li> </ul>
	recommending books that he/she has read to his/her peers, giving reasons for his/her choices.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- <b>Explain</b> why they enjoyed a book or <b>poem</b> and who might also enjoy it.</li> </ul>
	identifying and discussing themes and conventions in writing.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Find a theme in a book.</li> <li>- Compare books with similar themes.</li> <li>- <b>Explain</b> how books written in different contexts can have similar themes.</li> <li>- Know that the context in which it was written can affect a text. For example, a classic text reflects how an audience of that time will react.</li> <li>- <b>Explain</b> how the context of a text reflects the reaction of the audience it was written for.</li> </ul>
	making comparisons within a book.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify differing elements of a book (characters, settings, themes)</li> <li>- Discuss how these elements differ.</li> <li>- Make comparisons between elements.</li> </ul>



	preparing <b>poems</b> and plays to read aloud and to perform.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Write and prepare a <b>poem</b> or play.</li> <li>- Read the <b>poem</b> or play aloud.</li> <li>- Show a clear understanding of characters / speakers in the <b>poem</b> or play.</li> <li>- Showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume.</li> <li>- ensure the meaning is clear to an audience.</li> </ul>
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Area	Objective
<b>Library objectives</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- investigate modern significant authors;</li> <li>- formulate own questions about a topic and locate information using the codebreaker in the library;</li> <li>- distinguish between facts and opinion;</li> <li>- revise all sections of the library and use this knowledge to locate books;</li> <li>- write own book review.</li> </ul>